# AWK-5232 Quick Installation Guide

## Moxa AirWorks

## Edition 3.0, February 2017

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P/N: 1802052320012

#### Overview

The AWK-5232 802.11 a/b/g/n dual-RF wireless AP/Bridge/Client provides a flexible and highly reliable solution for your industrial wireless networks.

The AWK-5232 is rated to operate at temperatures ranging from 0 to 60°C for standard models and -40 to 75°C for extended temperature models, and it is rugged enough for industrial applications.

With two independent RF modules, the AWK-5232 supports a greater variety of wireless configurations and applications, and the redundant wireless connections increase the reliability of your entire wireless network.

The AWK-5232's two DC power inputs make the power supply more reliable, and it can also be powered via PoE for easier deployment.

## Package Checklist

Moxa's AWK-5232 is shipped with the following items. If any of these items is missing or damaged, please contact your customer service representative for assistance.

- · AWK-5232 wireless AP/bridge/client
- 4 2.4/5 GHz antennas: ANT-WDBARM-02
- DIN-rail kit
- 2 plastic RJ protective caps for LAN
- · and Console ports
- Cable holder with 1 screw
- Documentation and software CD
- Quick installation guide (printed)
- Warranty card

## Installation and Configuration

Before installing the AWK-5232, make sure that all items in the Package Checklist are in the box. In addition, you will need access to a notebook computer or PC equipped with an Ethernet port. The AWK-5232 has a default IP address that you must use when connecting to the device for the first time.

#### Step 1: Select the power source

The AWK-5232 can be powered by a DC power input or PoE+ (Power over Ethernet). The AWK-5232 will use whichever power source you choose.



#### ATTENTION

Do not use a IEEE802.3af PoE injector or PSE (Power Sourcing Equipment) with the PoE+ (Power-over-Ethernet Plus) model. Instead, use an IEEE802.3at-compliant PSE (Power Sourcing Equipment).

#### Step 2: Connect the AWK-5232 to a notebook or PC

Since the AWK-5232 supports MDI/MDI-X auto-sensing, you can use either a straight-through cable or crossover cable to connect the AWK-5232 to a computer. If the LED indicator on the AWK-5232's LAN port lights up, it means the connection is established.

#### Step 3: Set up the computer's IP address

Set an IP address on the same subnet as the AWK-5232. Since the AWK-5232's default IP address is 192.168.127.253, and the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0, you should set the IP address of the computer to 192.168.127.xxx and subnet mask to 255.255.255.0.

#### Step 4: Use the web-based manager to configure AWK-5232

Open your computer's web browser and then type

http://192.168.127.253 in the address field to access the homepage of the web-based management. Before the homepage opens, you will need to enter the user name and password. For first-time configuration, enter the default user name and password and then click on the Login button:

User name: **admin** Password: **root** 



#### **ATTENTION**

For security reasons, we strongly recommend changing the password. To do so, select **Maintenance > Password**, and then follow the on-screen instructions.

#### Step 5: Select the operation mode for the AWK-5232

By default, the AWK-5232's operation mode is set to Wireless Redundancy. You can change the setting in **Wireless Settings** → **Operation mode** if you would like to use the Wireless Bridge or AP-Client mode.

NOTE To make the change effective, you must click Save

Configuration to save the change or Restart → Save and

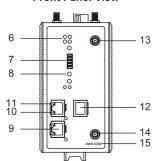
Restart button to apply all changes.

## Panel Layout of the AWK-5232

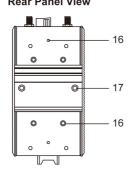
#### **Top Panel View**



#### **Front Panel View**

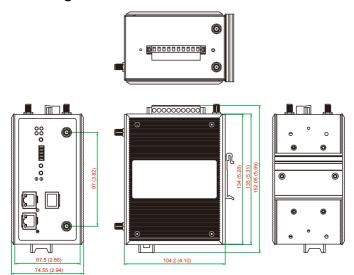


## Rear Panel View



- 1. Grounding screw
- Terminal block for PWR1, PWR2, relay, DI1, and DI2
- 3. Reset button
- 4. 1B antenna port (1A and 1B are shared same RF module)
- 5. 2B antenna port (2A and 2B are shared same RF module)
- System LEDs: PWR1, PWR2, PoE+, FAULT, and STATE LEDs
- 7. LEDs for signal strength
- 8. WLAN LEDs: WLAN 1 and WLAN2 LEDs
- 10/100/1000BaseT(X) RJ45
   Port: LAN1 and LAN2
- 10. 100M LED
- 11. 1000M LED
- 12. RS-232 console port
- 13. MAIN 1A antenna port
- 14. MAIN 2A antenna port
- 15. Model name
- 16. Screw hole for wall-mounting kit17. DIN-rail mounting kit

## **Mounting Dimensions**



Unit = mm (inch)

## **DIN-Rail Mounting**

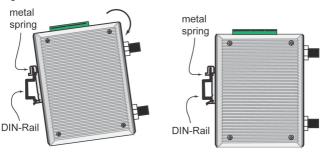
The aluminum DIN-rail attachment plate should be fixed to the back panel of the AWK-5232 when you take it out of the box. If you need to reattach the DIN-rail attachment plate to the AWK-5232, make sure the stiff metal spring is situated towards the top, as shown in the figures below:

#### STEP 1:

Insert the top of the DIN rail into the slot just below the stiff metal spring.

#### STEP 2:

The DIN-rail attachment unit will snap into place as shown below.



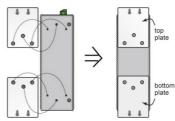
To remove the AWK-5232 from the DIN rail, simply reverse Steps 1 and 2.

## Wall Mounting (optional)

For transportation applications that require an EN50155 certification report, you should purchase the optional wall mount for the AWK-5232, since the wall mount has passed EN50155 testing. The wall mount is also convenient for other applications that require mounting the AWK-5232 to a wall.

#### STEP 1:

Remove the aluminum DIN-rail attachment plate from the AWK-5232, and then attach the wall-mounting plates with **M3** screws, as shown in the adjacent diagrams.



#### STEP 2:

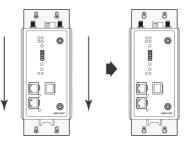
Mounting the AWK-5232 to a wall requires 4 screws. Use the AWK-5232 device, with wall-mounting plates attached, as a guide to mark the correct locations of the 4 screws. The heads of the screws should be less than 6.0 mm in diameter, and the shafts should be less than 3.5 mm in diameter, as shown in the figure at the right.



Do not drive the screws in all the way into the wall—leave a space of about 2 mm to allow room for sliding the wall-mounting panel between the wall and the screws.

#### STEP 3:

Once the screws are fixed into the wall, insert the four screw heads through the large opening of the keyhole-shaped apertures, and then slide the AWK-5232 downwards, as indicated to the right. Tighten the four screws for added stability.





#### WARNING

- This equipment is intended to be used in a Restricted Access Location, such as a dedicated computer room. Access can only be gained by SERVICE PERSONS or by USERS who have been instructed about the fact that the metal chassis of the equipment is extremely hot and may cause burns.
- Service persons or users have to pay special attention and take special precaution before handling the equipment.
- Access is to be controlled through the use of a lock and key or a security identity system, controlled by the authority responsible for the location. Only authorized, well-trained professionals are allowed to access the restricted access location.
- External metal parts are hot!! Pay special attention or use special protection before handling.

## Wiring Requirements



#### WARNING

#### Safety First!

Be sure to disconnect the power cord before installing and/or wiring your Moxa AWK-5232.



#### WARNING

#### Safety First!

Calculate the maximum possible current in each power wire and common wire. Observe all electrical codes dictating the maximum current allowed for each wire size. If the current goes above the maximum ratings, the wiring could overheat, causing serious damage to your equipment.

You should also pay attention to the following items:

 Use separate paths to route wiring for power and devices. If power wiring and device wiring paths must cross, make sure the wires are perpendicular at the intersection point.

**NOTE** Do not run signal or communications wiring and power wiring in the same wire conduit. To avoid interference, wires with different signal characteristics should be routed separately.

- You can use the type of signal transmitted through a wire to determine which wires should be kept separate. The rule of thumb is that wiring with similar electrical characteristics can be bundled together.
- Keep input wiring and output wiring separate.
- It is strongly advised that you label wiring to all devices in the system for easy identification.



#### ATTENTION

This product is intended to be supplied by a Listed Power Unit marked "Class 2" or "LPS" and rated O/P: 18 W



#### **ATTENTION**

Make sure the external power adapter (includes power cords and plug assemblies) provided with the unit is certified and suitable for use in your country.

## Grounding the Moxa AWK-5232

Grounding and wire routing help limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground connection from the ground screw to the grounding surface prior to connecting devices.

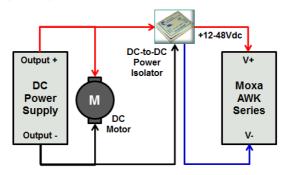


## ATTENTION

This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface, such as a metal panel.

#### Installations with Unstable Power Inputs

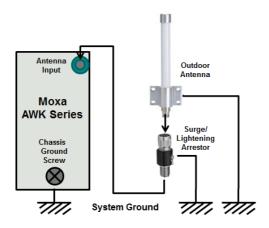
There are cases where the device has to be wired to the same power source as other equipment. In such cases if equipment such as motors that are connected in the circuit draw a large amount of current during operation, the transient voltage drop could potentially cause the AWK to become unstable. Installing a DC/DC power isolator in between the two equipment is recommended to isolate the transient effect and to ensure a stable power input for the AWK.



#### Installations with Cable Extended Antennas for Outdoor

#### **Applications**

If the antenna or the AWK device is installed outdoors or in an open-air setting, proper lightning protection is required to prevent direct lightning strikes on the AWK device. In order to prevent coupling currents from nearby lightning strikes, a lightning arrester should be installed as part of your antenna system. Ground the device, antenna, as well as the arrester properly to provide maximum outdoor protection for the device.

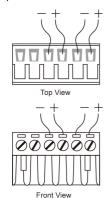


#### **Arrester Accessories**

- SA-NMNF-01: Surge arrester, N-type (male) to N-type (female)
- SA-NFNF-01: Surge arrester, N-type (female) to N-type (female)

## Wiring the Redundant Power Inputs

The top two pairs of contacts of the 10-contact terminal block connector on the AWK-5232's top panel are used for the AWK-5232's two DC inputs. Top and front views of the terminal block connector is shown here.



**STEP 1:** Insert the negative/positive DC wires into the V-/V+ terminals.

**STEP 2:** To keep the DC wires from pulling loose, use a small flat-blade screwdriver to tighten the wire-clamp screws on the front of the terminal block connector.

**STEP 3:** Insert the plastic terminal block connector prongs into the terminal block receptor, which is located on the AWK-5232's top panel.



#### **ATTENTION**

## Wiring the Relay Contact

The AWK-5232 has one relay output, which consists of the two contacts of the terminal block on the AWK-5232's top panel. Refer to the previous section for detailed instructions on how to connect the wires to the terminal block connector, and how to attach the terminal block connector to the terminal block receptor. These relay contacts are used to indicate user-configured events. The two wires attached to the Relay contacts form an open circuit when a user-configured event is triggered. If a user-configured event does not occur, the Relay circuit will be closed.

## Wiring the Digital Inputs

The AWK-5232 has two sets of digital input—DI1 and DI2. Each DI comprises two contacts of the 10-pin terminal block connector on the AWK-5232's top panel. You can refer to the "Wiring the Redundant Power Inputs" section for detailed instructions on how to connect the wires to the terminal block connector, and how to attach the terminal block connector to the terminal block receptor.

#### **Cable Holder Installation**

You can attach the cable holder to the bottom of the AWK-5232. This helps to keep cabling neat and avoid accidents that result from untidy cables.

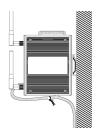


**STEP 1:** Screw the cable holder onto the bottom of the AWK-5232.

STEP 2: After mounting the AWK-5232 and plugging in the LAN cable, tighten the cable along the device and wall.







#### **Communication Connections**

#### 10/100BaseT(X) Ethernet Port Connection

The 10/100BaseT(X) ports located on the AWK-5232's front panel are used to connect to Ethernet-enabled devices.

The pinouts for both MDI (NIC-type) ports and MDI-X (HUB/Switch-type) ports are shown below:

**MDI Port Pinouts** 

**MDI-X Port Pinouts** 

8-pin RJ45

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Tx+	1	Rx+
2	Tx-	2	Rx-
3	Rx+	3	Tx+
6	Rx-	6	Tx-



#### 1000BaseT Ethernet Port Connection

1000BaseT data is transmitted on differential TRD+/- signal pairs over copper wires.

## MDI/MDI-X Port Pinouts for 8-pin RJ45

Pin	Signal
1	TRD(0)+
2	TRD(0)-
3	TRD(1)+
4	TRD(2)+
5	TRD(2)-
6	TRD(1)-
7	TRD(3)+
8	TRD(3)-
-	



#### **RS-232 Connection**

The AWK-5232 has one RS-232 (8-pin RJ45) console port located on the front panel. Use either an RJ45-to-DB9 or RJ45-to-DB25 cable to connect the Moxa AWK-5232's console port to your PC's COM port. You may then use a console terminal program to access the AWK-5232 for console configuration.

#### Console Pinouts for 10-pin or 8-pin RJ45

10-Pin	Description	8-Pin
1	ı	
2	DSR	1
3	RTS	2
4	GND	3
5	TxD	4
6	RxD	5
7	DCD	6
8	CTS	7
9	DTR	8
10	ı	



NOTE The pin numbers for DB9 and DB25 male connectors, and hole numbers for DB9 and DB25 female connectors are labeled on the connector strip. However, the numbers are typically quite small, so you may need to use a magnifying glass to see the numbers clearly.

The pin numbers for both 8-pin and 10-pin RJ45 connectors (and ports) are typically not labeled on the connectors (or ports). Refer to the pinout diagram above for details.

#### **LED Indicators**

The front panel of the Moxa AWK-5232 contains several LED indicators. The function of each LED is described in the table below.

LED	Color	State	Description	
	From	nt Panel LE	D Indicators (System)	
		On	Power is being supplied from power	
PWR1	Green		input 1.	
	Green	Off	Power is <b>not</b> being supplied from power	
		On	input 1.	
		On	Power is being supplied from power	
PWR2	Green		input 2.	
	0.00	Off	Power is <b>not</b> being supplied from power	
			input 2.	
PoE+	PoE+ Amber	On	Power is being supplied via PoE.	
		Off	Power is not being supplied via PoE.	
		Blinking at		
FAULT	Red	1-second	server	
		intervals		
		Off	No error condition exists.	
		Green	System startup is complete and the	
		0.00	system is in operation.	
		Green	The AWK has been located by AWK	
STATE	Green/	Blinking	Search Utility.	
	Red	at		
		1-second		
		intervals	Contain in heating on	
		Red	System is booting up.	
		Green On	WLAN1 function is in client mode.	
	Green/	Blinking Green	WLAN1's data communication is running	
WLAN1		Amber On	in client mode.	
WLANI	Amber	Blinking	WLAN1 function is in AP/bridge mode. WLAN1's data communication is running	
		Amber	in AP/bridge mode.	
		Off	WLAN1 is not in use.	
		Green On	WLAN1 is not in use. WLAN2 function is in client mode.	
		Blinking	WLAN2's data communication is running	
	Green/ Amber	Green	in client mode.	
WLAN2		Amber On	WLAN2 function is in AP/bridge mode.	
VVLANZ		Blinking	WLAN2's data communication is running	
		Amber	in AP/bridge mode.	
		Off	WLAN2 is not in use.	
		UII	WLAINZ IS HOLIH USE.	

LED	Color	State	Description
TP Port (LAN1, LAN2) LED Indicators (Port Interface)			ED Indicators (Port Interface)
		On	TP port's 100 Mbps link is <b>active</b> .
100M	100M Yellow	Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 100 Mbps
		Off	TP port's 100 Mbps link is <b>inactive</b> .
		On	TP port's 1000 Mbps link is active.
1000M	Green	Blinking	Data is being transmitted at 1000 Mbps
		Off	TP port's 1000 Mbps link is <b>inactive</b> .

## **Specifications**

WLAN Interface	
Standards	IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n for Wireless LAN
	IEEE 802.11i for Wireless Security
	IEEE 802.3 for 10BaseT
	IEEE 802.3u 100BaseT(X)
	IEEE 802.3ab for 1000BaseT
	IEEE 802.3at for Power-over-Ethernet Plus
	IEEE 802.1D for Spanning Tree Protocol
	IEEE 802.1w for Rapid STP
	IEEE 802.1Q VLAN
Spread Spectrum	DSSS with DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK
and Modulation	OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
(typical)	802.11b:
	CCK @ 11/5.5 Mbps, DQPSK @ 2 Mbps,
	DBPSK @ 11 Mbps
	802.11a/g:
	64QAM @ 54/48 Mbps, 16QAM @ 36/24 Mbps,
	QPSK @ 18/12 Mbps, BPSK @ 9/6 Mbps
	802.11n:
	64QAM @ 300 Mbps to BPSK @ 6.5 Mbps
	(multiple rates supported)
Operating Channels	
(central frequency)	2.412 to 2.462 GHz (11 channels)
	5.18 to 5.24 GHz (4 channels)
	EU:
	2.412 to 2.472 GHz (13 channels)
	5.18 to 5.24 GHz (4 channels)
	JP:
	2.412 to 2.472 GHz (13 channels, OFDM)
	2.412 to 2.484 GHz (14 channels, DSSS)
	5.18 to 5.24 GHz (4 channels for W52)
Security	SSID broadcast enable/disable
	Firewall for MAC/IP/Protocol/Port-based filtering
	64-bit and 128-bit WEP encryption, WPA
	/WPA2-Personal and Enterprise (IEEE
	802.1X/RADIUS, TKIP, and AES)
Transmission Rates	802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps
	802.11a/g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 Mbps
	802.11n: 6.5 to 300 Mbps (multiple rates supported)

	Typ. 18±1.5 dBm @ 1 to 11 Mbps
	802.11g:
	Typ. 18±1.5 dBm @ 6 to 24 Mbps,
	Typ. 17±1.5 dBm @ 36 to 48 Mbps,
	Typ. 15±1.5 dBm @ 54 Mbps
	802.11n (2.4 GHz):
	Typ. 14±1.5 dBm @ MCS15 20 MHz
	802.11a:
	Typ. 17±1.5 dBm @ 6 to 24 Mbps,
	Typ. 16±1.5 dBm @ 36 to 48 Mbps,
	Typ. 14±1.5 dBm @ 54 Mbps
	802.11n (5 GHz):
	Typ. 13±1.5 dBm @ MCS15 20 MHz,
	Typ. 12±1.5 dBm @ MCS15 40 MHz
Receiver Sensitivity	/ 802.11b:
	-92 dBm @ 1 Mbps,
	-90 dBm @ 2 Mbps,
	-88 dBm @ 5.5 Mbps,
	-84 dBm @ 11 Mbps
	802.11g:
	-87 dBm @ 6 Mbps,
	-86 dBm @ 9 Mbps,
	-85 dBm @ 12 Mbps,
	-82 dBm @ 18 Mbps,
	-80 dBm @ 24 Mbps,
	-76 dBm @ 36 Mbps,
	-72 dBm @ 48 Mbps,
	-70 dBm @ 54 Mbps
	l · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	802.11n (2.4 GHz):
	-69 dBm @ MCS15 20 MHz,
	-71 dBm @ MCS7 20 MHz
	802.11a:
	-87 dBm @ 6 Mbps,
	-86 dBm @ 9 Mbps,
	-85 dBm @ 12 Mbps,
	-82 dBm @ 18 Mbps,
	-80 dBm @ 24 Mbps,
	-76 dBm @ 36 Mbps,
	-72 dBm @ 48 Mbps,
	-70 dBm @ 54 Mbps
	802.11n (5 GHz):
	-68 dBm @ MCS15 40 MHz,
	-69 dBm @ MCS15 20 MHz,
	-70 dBm @ MCS7 40 MHz.
	-71 dBm @ MCS7 20 MHz
Protocol Support	71 dbitt @ WGS7 20 Witz
Concret Protocols	Drovy ADD DMS HTTD HTTDS ID ICMD SMTD TOD
General Protocols	Proxy ARP, DNS, HTTP, HTTPS, IP, ICMP, SNTP, TCP
	UDP, RADIUS, SNMP, DHCP, VLAN, STP/RSTP
Interface	
Default Antennas	4 dual-band omni-directional antennas, 2 dBi,
	RP-SMA (male)
Connector for	RP-SMA (female)

Transmitter Power

802.11b:

Typ. 18±1.5 dBm @ 1 to 11 Mbps

LAN Ports	2 DIAE 10/100/1000Decet(V) suits regetiation
	2, RJ45, 10/100/1000BaseT(X), auto negotiation
	speed F/H duplex mode, and auto MDI/MDI-X
Cara-ala Dant	connection.
Console Port	1, RS-232 (RJ45-type)
Reset	Present
LED Indicators	PWR1, PWR2, PoE+, FAULT, STATE, WLAN1, WLAN2,
	100M, 1000M
Alarm Contact	1 relay output with current carrying capacity of 1 A @
(Digital Output)	24 VDC
Digital Inputs	2 electrically isolated inputs
	• +13 to +30 V for state "1"
	• +3 to -30 V for state "0"
51 1 101 1	Max. input current: 8 mA
Physical Characte	
Housing	Metal, IP30 protection
Weight	1320 g (2.91 lb)
Dimensions	75 x 135 x 105 mm (2.9 x 5.3 x 4.1 in)
Installation	DIN-rail mounting (standard), wall mounting
	(optional)
Environmental Li	
Operating	Standard Models: -25 to 60°C (-13 to 140°F)
Temperature	Wide Temp. Models: -40 to 75°C (-40 to 167°F)
Storage	-40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)
Temperature	
Ambient Relative	5% to 95% (non-condensing)
Humidity	
Power Requireme	
Input Voltage	12 to 48 VDC, redundant dual DC power inputs or 48
	VDC Power-over-Ethernet (IEEE 802.3af compliant)
Connector	10-pin removable terminal block
Power Consumption	
Reverse Polarity	Present
Protection	
Standards and Ce	
	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1
Standards and Ce Safety EMC	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024
Standards and Ce Safety	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1
Standards and Ce Safety EMC	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI EMS	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V IEC 61000-4-8
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V IEC 61000-4-8 EN 301 489-1/17, EN 300 328, EN 301 893, TELEC,
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI EMS	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V IEC 61000-4-8 EN 301 489-1/17, EN 300 328, EN 301 893, TELEC, FCC ID SLE-WAPN001
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI EMS Radio Note: Please check	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V IEC 61000-4-8 EN 301 489-1/17, EN 300 328, EN 301 893, TELEC,
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI EMS  Radio  Note: Please check status.	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V IEC 61000-4-8 EN 301 489-1/17, EN 300 328, EN 301 893, TELEC, FCC ID SLE-WAPN001 Moxa's website for the most up-to-date certification
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI EMS  Radio  Note: Please check status.  MTBF (mean time	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V IEC 61000-4-8 EN 301 489-1/17, EN 300 328, EN 301 893, TELEC, FCC ID SLE-WAPN001 Moxa's website for the most up-to-date certification
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI EMS  Radio  Note: Please check status.  MTBF (mean time Time	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V IEC 61000-4-8 EN 301 489-1/17, EN 300 328, EN 301 893, TELEC, FCC ID SLE-WAPN001 Moxa's website for the most up-to-date certification  between failures) 290,422 hrs.
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI EMS  Radio  Note: Please check status.  MTBF (mean time Time Standard	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V IEC 61000-4-8 EN 301 489-1/17, EN 300 328, EN 301 893, TELEC, FCC ID SLE-WAPN001 Moxa's website for the most up-to-date certification
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI EMS  Radio  Note: Please check status.  MTBF (mean time Time Standard Warranty	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V IEC 61000-4-8 EN 301 489-1/17, EN 300 328, EN 301 893, TELEC, FCC ID SLE-WAPN001 Moxa's website for the most up-to-date certification  between failures) 290,422 hrs. Telcordia SR332
Standards and Ce Safety EMC EMI EMS  Radio  Note: Please check status.  MTBF (mean time Time Standard	UL 60950-1, EN 60950-1 EN 55032/55024 CISPR 32, FCC Part 15B Class B IEC 61000-4-2 ESD: Contact: 8 kV; Air: 15 kV IEC 61000-4-3 RS: 80 MHz to 1 GHz: 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-4 EFT: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 2 kV IEC 61000-4-5 Surge: Power: 2 kV; Signal: 1 kV IEC 61000-4-6 CS: 3 V IEC 61000-4-8 EN 301 489-1/17, EN 300 328, EN 301 893, TELEC, FCC ID SLE-WAPN001 Moxa's website for the most up-to-date certification  between failures) 290,422 hrs.



#### **ATTENTION**

The AWK-5232 is **NOT** a portable mobile device and should be located at least 20 cm away from the human body. The AWK-5232 is **NOT** designed for the general public. A well-trained technician is required to deploy the AWK-3191 units and safely establish a wireless network.



#### ATTENTION

#### Use the antennas correctly!!

Two dual-band 2.4 GHz/5 GHz antennas are included with the product. Either antenna can be installed in MAIN1 and MAIN2 antenna ports. If you want to use a single band antenna, use 2.4 GHz antennas for the IEEE 802.11b/g mode and 5 GHz antennas for the IEEE 802.11a mode. In order to improve the quality of the signal received by the main antennas, you may connect additional antennas to the AUX1 and AUX2 ports.



#### **ATTENTION**

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



#### **ATTENTION**

Do not locate the antenna near overhead power lines or other electric light or power circuits, or where it can come into contact with such circuits. When installing the antenna, take extreme care not to come into contact with such circuits, because they may cause serious injury or death. For proper installation and grounding of the antenna, refer to national and local codes (for example, U.S.: NFPA 70; National Electrical Code, Article 810; Canada: Canadian Electrical Code, Section 54).